

Key Roles of the Insurance Authority and New Regulation Landscape for Insurance Companies

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The Hong Kong Insurance Authority

- established in December 2015 to comply with the requirement of the International Association of Insurance Supervisors (IAIS)
- insurance regulators should be financially and operationally independent



Purpose



To facilitate sustainable development of the insurance industry and protect policyholders with a modernized regulatory infrastructure





Key statutory functions

Regulate insurers and insurance intermediaries

Promote proper conduct and practices

Conduct studies, propose law reforms

Assist Financial Secretary to maintain financial stability Facilitate market development, promote competitiveness

Promote public education



Our Organization



Core values



Agile Accountable Building trust Collaboration Driving change Embracing innovation



Phased approach



Key tasks

- Prudential regulation
 - Risk-based Capital Regime (RBC)
- Promote Insurtech
- Policyholders' Protection Scheme
- Regulation of intermediaries
- Fees and levy



Insurance Ordinance: key amendments

- Approval of Key Persons in Control Functions
 Transitional arrangements for Pre-existing Appointments
- Determination of fit and proper (s. 14A(1))
- Further regulatory powers on insurers
- Appellate mechanism and checks and balance



Key persons in control functions

- Control Functions
 - Risk management
 - Financial control
 - Compliance
 - Internal audit
 - Actuarial
 - Intermediary management (not yet in operation)
- Designated individuals, not necessarily a staff/employee
- Solely or jointly responsible
- Transitional arrangements for individuals already responsible for control functions before 26.6.2017



New regulatory powers on insurers

- New regulatory powers (ss.41A 41W)
 - To conduct inspection without warrant
 - To conduct investigation without warrant
 - > Apply to court for inquiry into failure
 - Obtain Magistrate's warrants to enter premises and seize records and documents
 - > Take disciplinary actions against insurers
- Grounds on which such powers may be exercised clearly set out
- Procedure requirements for exercising such powers
- Take note of GL 18



Insurance Appeals Tribunal (IAT)

- The IAT has been established to review specified decisions (including disciplinary decisions) made by IA (s.97 and Sch.10)
- Mr Douglas Tam Tak-yip, SC appointed as chairperson for a 3-year term; 23 other individuals appointed as members for a 2-year term from 26.7.2017
- The IAT (Chairperson + 2 ordinary members) will be formed when there is a case to be reviewed



Checks and balances

- Must publish draft rules to be made under an IO provision for public consultation
- Must submit annual budget and corporate plan to the Financial Secretary for approval
- Must table annual report before LegCo
- Bound by the Ombudsman Ordinance and Prevention of Bribery Ordinance; must comply with Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance
- Director of Audit may conduct value for money audit on IA



Fees and Levy



- Insurance (Prescribed Fees) Regulation
- Additional user fees will be introduced, e.g.
 - Application for authorization of insurer
 - Application for additional class of business
 - Application for transfer of business of insurer
 - Request for accounting concession
- Levy on insurance premiums from policyholders from 1.1.2018





Levy rates

	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 4
-	1.1. 2018 to	1.4. 2019 to	1.4. 2020 to	From 1.4.2021
	31.3.2019	31.3. 2020	31.3. 2021	onwards
Levy rate	0.04%	0.06%	0.085%	0.1%
Levy cap				
Life insurance	\$40	\$60	\$85	\$100
General	\$2,000	\$3,000	\$4,250	\$5,000
insurance				



Future of insurance industry depends on..





thank you!