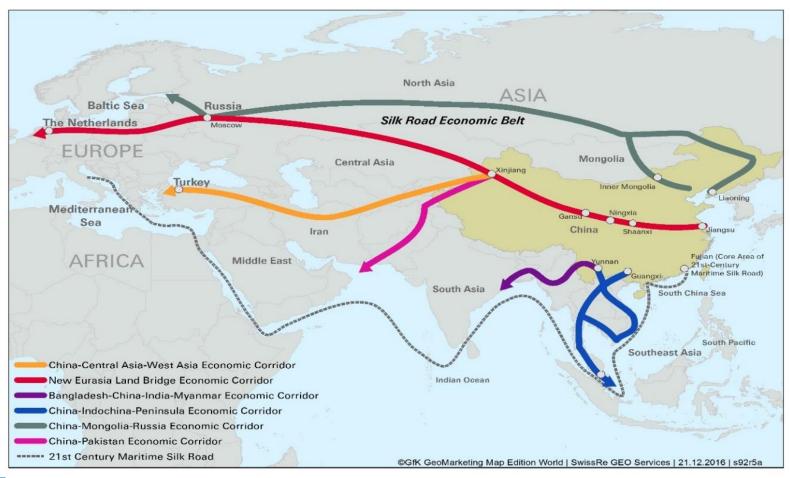


Belt and Road Initiative (BRI)

Clement Cheung
Chief Executive Officer
Insurance Authority
12 October 2018

What is BRI



Source: Swiss Re Economic Research & Consulting.

What is BRI

Five Areas of Connectivity

- Policy coordination
- Facilities connectivity
- Unimpeded trade
- Financial integration
- People-to-people bond



Investments from BRI

Types of project		Aggregate project value (USD billion)				
Types o	i project	China	Overseas	Total		
Infrastructure	Transportation	649	1,557	2,206		
	Telecommunication	203	546	749		
	Water and sanitation	241	212	453		
	Power and resources	662	1,211	1,873		
	Other infrastructure	259	704	963		
Agriculture	Agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fisheries	31	96	127		
Cultural exchange, tourism	Cultural exchange, tourism	69	174	243		
Others	Capacity cooperation	39	111	150		
	Industrial parks	101	288	389		
	Commercial building	85	204	289		
Total		2,339	5,103	7,442		

Source: Swiss Re Economic Research & Consulting estimates

Premiums from BRI

Commercial insurance lines Construction phase	Total Overseas (USD billion)			
Engineering	10.2			
-Transportation	3.1			
-Energy	2.4			
-Others	4.7			
Marine (general cargo)	2.9			
Marine	0.5			
Liability/PA	0.4			
Subtotal	14.0			

Commercial insurance lines	Total Overseas (USD billion) 13.5			
Operational phase Property				
-Transportation	0.9			
-Energy	7.5			
-Others	5.1			
Total	13.5			

Source: Swiss Re Economic Research & Consulting estimates

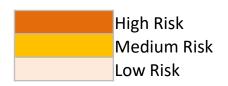


Risk Exposure

	_						,			
	Transportation projects			Power and energy projects						
Project/Risks	Danda Dad	Duides	ges Ports	Airports	Gas	T&D	Hydro	Solar	Thermal	Wind
	Roads	Briages			Pipelines	Lines	Power	Power	Power	Power
Fire										
Explosion										
Subsidence										
Flood										
Storm (Wind)										
Earthquake										
Lightning										
Terrorism										
Theft										
Third Party Liability										
Political Risk										
Employer's Liability										

Source: Swiss Re Economic Research & Consulting estimates





Risk Management

Risk management

- Vital role given the unique BRI risk landscape
- Goes beyond industry-specific on single-country focus

BRI risk landscape

- Requires a combination of technical expertise as well as strong political and country risk management with a per risk, per obligor and per country risk accumulation monitor and control
- Early intervention at the project inception phase is crucial

Risk transfer

- For non-insurable risk: take a holistic view embracing prevention, mitigation, management and risk transfer
- Where risk transfer option is viable, involvement of insurers, reinsurers and brokers with knowledge, capacity and global network is paramount

Role of Insurers



BRI Opportunities

Infrastructure investment worth more than US\$ 5.1 trillion per year up to 2030 First Wave

BRI covers 65 countries with 60% of the world population, but only 30% of global GDP



Emergence of new markets

Second Wave



Source: Swiss Re Economic Research & Consulting
Meeting Asia's Infrastructure Needs, Asia Development Bank, February 2017

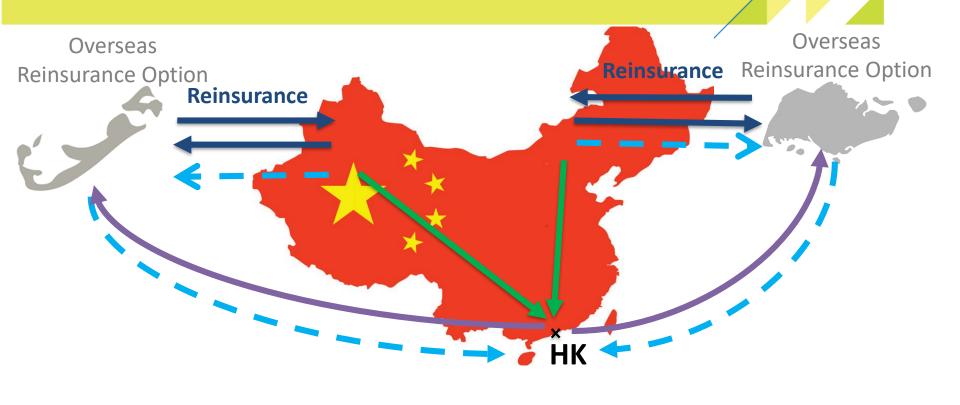
Governmental Support



Arrangement between the National Development and Reform Commission and HKSAR Government for full participation in and contribution to the Belt and Road Initiative (14 Dec 2017)

...to support Hong Kong to provide professional services such as insurance and re-insurance for large-scale infrastructure projects under the Belt and Road Initiative; and to encourage Mainland enterprises to establish captive insurance companies in Hong Kong as appropriate to underwrite the risks arising from for their overseas businesses, thereby enhancing their corporate risk management system

Capturing Business Flow





Hong Kong as Risk Managment Centre

Insurance Authority and China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission implement preferential treatment to promote the development of Hong Kong reinsurance industry

17 July 2018

The Insurance Authority (IA) reached a consensus with the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission (CBIRC) that under the "China Risk Oriented Solvency System" (C-ROSS), when a Mainland insurer cedes business to a qualified Hong Kong professional reinsurer, the capital requirement of the Mainland insurer will be reduced (preferential treatment).

The preferential treatment is based on the Equivalence Assessment Framework Agreement on Solvency Regulatory Regime (Agreement) signed between the former China Insurance Regulatory Commission and the former Office of the Commissioner of Insurance on 16 May 2017 for the insurance regulators in two places to carry out equivalence assessment on the solvency regulatory regimes. Both sides agreed to recognize temporarily the insurance solvency regulatory regime of each other as the same or similar to that of another during the four-year transitional period before the completion of the equivalence assessment. Based on the "mutual equivalence recognition", both sides will consider giving each other's industry preferential treatment to strengthen co-operation between the insurance sectors in two places.

Mr Chen Wenhui, Vice-Chairman of the CBIRC, said, "The CBIRC supports Hong Kong being Mainland's overseas risk management platform to assist Mainland enterprises in 'going global'. On the basis of the 'mutual equivalence recognition', the preferential factor under C-ROSS will be applicable to high-quality Hong Kong reinsurers, which will foster the development of the reinsurance business in Hong Kong."

Mr John Leung, Chief Executive Officer of the IA, said, "The preferential treatment will facilitate the cooperation between the Mainland and Hong Kong in cross-border reinsurance business, enabling the Hong Kong insurance industry to assist Mainland enterprises more effectively in diversifying and managing risks, including supporting Mainland enterprises' participation in the infrastructure and investment projects under the Belt and Road Initiative. The preferential treatment will also help sharpen the competitive edge of the Hong Kong insurance industry and strengthen Hong Kong's position as a reinsurance hub in Asia."

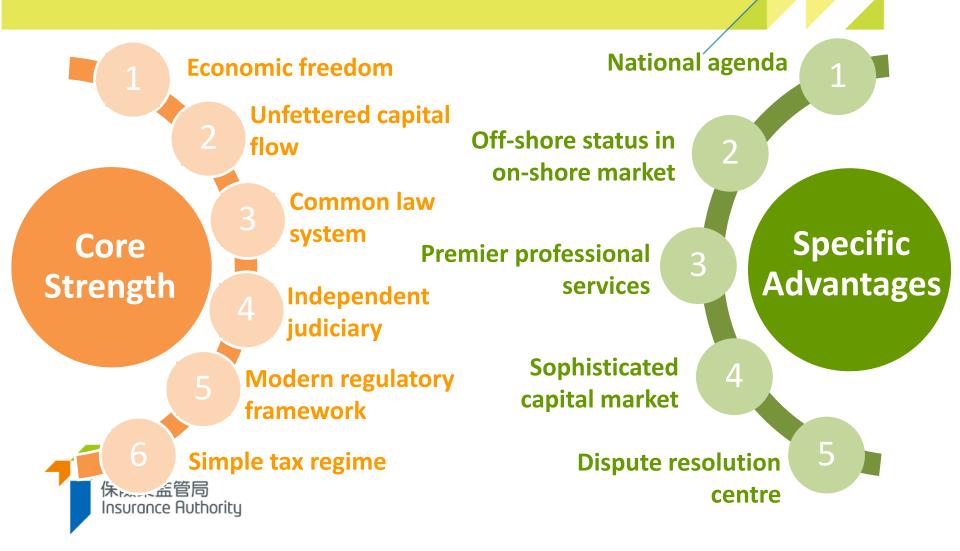
For details of the preferential treatment, please refer to the notice published by the CBIRC (Chinese

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Competitive Advantage



The Role of Brokers



Belt and Road Insurance Exchange Facilitation ("BRIEF")

SoEs and Project Proponents

One-stop platform to obtain information on risk management and insurance services

Service Providers

Business opportunities and latest developments related to BRI





BRIEF

Aims

- Facilitate exchange and sharing in order to bridge information gap between demand and supply sides
- Promote Hong Kong as a risk management centre and insurance hub for BRI through conferences, seminars and workshops

Launch date

At the IA Insurance Summit on 11 December 2018

Partners

- By invitation
- No membership fee
- Active contribution and participation

Conclusions

Challenges, Opportunities and Risk Management

Capturing Business Flow

Value Chain and Clusters

